



Capital Markets Snapshot

Courtesy of Sage Advisors

Week ending October 9, 2026

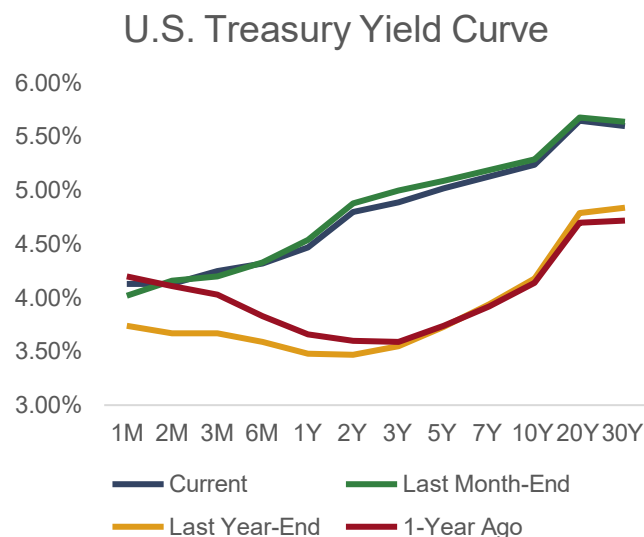
US equity markets advanced for the week, with broad-based sector gains as resilient labor market data and optimism heading into earnings season outweighed persistent inflation concerns. The S&P 500 rose 1.2% for the week, reaching its first record high since August on Tuesday before a mid-week pullback on AI spending concerns. Treasury yields declined modestly on the week, though they remained near historically high levels. WTI crude oil rose approximately 0.3% amid volatile trading, as tanker attacks in the Strait of Hormuz drove prices sharply higher mid-week before partially retreating. Initial jobless claims fell to 197,000, the lowest level since July, while the University of Michigan's preliminary consumer sentiment index fell to 46.3, its lowest reading since May.

Fixed Income Markets Overview

- US Treasury yields declined modestly across the curve over the week, pulling back from mid-week highs as some of the geopolitical risk premium eased late in the week, with the yield curve little changed.
- The 2-year Treasury yield fell 3 basis points (from 4.83% to 4.80%), the 10-year yield fell 4 basis points (from 5.28% to 5.24%), and the 30-year yield fell 3 basis points (from 5.63% to 5.60%).
- The primary driver of yield moves was geopolitics, as elevated oil prices stoked inflation concerns mid-week before yields retreated after President Trump indicated the US would not attack Iran ahead of the midterm elections.
- Market-implied odds of a Fed rate hike stood at approximately 17% for the October meeting and roughly 81% for the December meeting, after Fed Governor Waller said further rate increases will likely be needed.

Asset Class	Name	1W	YTD	3Y(Ann.)	5Y(Ann.)
Short	1-3 Year Govt/Credit	0.2%	0.9%	4.5%	2.2%
Core Plus	Intermediate Govt/Credit	0.3%	-1.1%	4.6%	1.0%
	Global Aggregate	0.0%	-2.7%	4.0%	-1.8%
	US Aggregate	0.4%	-2.5%	4.6%	-0.5%
	US Treasury	0.3%	-2.4%	3.7%	-0.9%
	US TIPS	0.3%	-1.8%	4.3%	-0.0%
	US Corporate	0.5%	-2.7%	5.7%	-0.2%
Other	US Corporate High Yield	0.2%	0.3%	8.6%	3.7%
Muni	Emerging Markets Aggregate	0.6%	-1.2%	8.7%	1.6%
Muni	US Municipals	-0.3%	-3.5%	3.3%	-0.0%
	US Municipals High Yield	-0.4%	-1.2%	5.9%	0.7%

Source: Bloomberg as of October 9, 2026



Source: Bloomberg and U.S. Treasury as of October 9, 2026

Interest Rates (%)

Date	10/9/2026	9/30/2026	12/31/2025	10/9/2025
1 Month Treasury	4.13%	4.02%	3.74%	4.20%
3 Month Treasury	4.25%	4.20%	3.67%	4.03%
6 Month Treasury	4.32%	4.33%	3.59%	3.83%
2 Year Treasury	4.80%	4.88%	3.47%	3.60%
5 Year Treasury	5.02%	5.09%	3.73%	3.74%
10 Year Treasury	5.24%	5.29%	4.18%	4.14%
30 Year Treasury	5.60%	5.64%	4.84%	4.72%
US Aggregate	5.51%	5.56%	4.32%	4.36%
US Corporate	5.99%	6.04%	4.81%	4.82%
US Corporate High Yield	8.24%	8.35%	6.53%	6.84%
US Municipal	4.66%	4.78%	3.60%	3.64%
US Municipal High Yield	6.16%	6.21%	5.59%	5.71%

Spreads Over 10-Year US Treasuries

Date	10/9/2026	9/30/2026	12/31/2025	10/9/2025
30 Year Treasury	0.36%	0.35%	0.66%	0.58%
US Aggregate	0.27%	0.27%	0.14%	0.22%
US Corporate	0.75%	0.75%	0.63%	0.68%
US Corporate High Yield	3.00%	3.06%	2.35%	2.70%
US Municipal	-0.58%	-0.51%	-0.58%	-0.50%
US Municipal High Yield	0.92%	0.92%	1.41%	1.57%

Source: Bloomberg and U.S. Treasury as of October 9, 2026

Equity Markets Overview

- US equity markets posted gains for the week, with nine of eleven sectors finishing higher despite mid-week volatility tied to AI spending concerns and elevated energy prices.
- The S&P 500 gained 1.2%, the Nasdaq Composite rose 0.6%, and the Dow Jones Industrial Average advanced 1.0% for the week.
- The top two performing sectors were Consumer Staples (+4.0%) and Utilities (+3.9%), as investors rotated toward defensive positioning amid persistent inflation concerns and elevated yields.
- The bottom two performing sectors were Industrials (-0.4%) and Information Technology (-0.3%), with technology weighed down by uncertainty around AI-related revenue and industrials pressured by weakness in farm equipment names.
- Third-quarter earnings season got underway, with Delta Air Lines reporting record quarterly revenue but cutting its full-year earnings guidance due to high jet fuel costs.

Asset Class	Name	1W	YTD	3Y(Ann.)	5Y(Ann.)
All-Cap	S&P 1500	1.1%	15.0%	22.7%	13.3%
Large-Cap	S&P 500	1.2%	15.1%	23.3%	13.8%
	S&P 500 Growth	0.9%	18.3%	28.5%	15.1%
	S&P 500 Value	1.5%	11.3%	17.1%	11.6%
Mid-Cap	S&P Midcap 400	0.0%	12.1%	15.7%	8.1%
	S&P Midcap 400 Growth	0.2%	16.2%	16.9%	8.1%
	S&P Midcap 400 Value	-0.1%	8.0%	14.5%	7.9%
Small-Cap	S&P Smallcap 600	-0.7%	15.4%	15.8%	6.0%
	S&P Smallcap 600 Growth	-0.5%	16.0%	15.5%	5.5%
	S&P Smallcap 600 Value	-1.0%	14.8%	16.1%	6.5%
Int'l.	MSCI ACWI ex-USA	-0.3%	13.4%	21.0%	9.4%
	MSCI EM	0.0%	23.7%	25.0%	8.9%

Source: Bloomberg as of October 9, 2026

Alternative Markets Overview

- Commodity markets were broadly higher over the week, with the S&P GSCI gaining 1.9% as geopolitical supply disruptions drove energy price volatility.
- WTI crude oil rose approximately 0.3% over the week, ending near \$92 per barrel, as tanker attacks in the Strait of Hormuz and Hurricane Isaias drove prices sharply higher mid-week before easing geopolitical tensions trimmed the supply premium.
- Gold gained approximately 1.3% for the week, closing near \$4,190 per troy ounce, supported by safe-haven demand amid Middle East tensions and elevated inflation expectations.
- Bitcoin declined on the week, falling 2.4% to close near \$82,400.

Name	1W	YTD	3Y (Ann.)	5Y (Ann.)
S&P GSCI	1.9%	58.2%	19.5%	17.0%
S&P GSCI Crude Oil Spot	0.3%	59.1%	2.2%	2.9%
Gold	1.3%	-2.9%	31.3%	19.1%
FTSE All Equity NAREIT	1.3%	9.1%	11.6%	2.4%
Bitcoin	-2.4%	-6.1%	43.9%	8.5%
Ethereum	-7.2%	-16.6%	16.1%	-7.3%

Source: Bloomberg as of October 9, 2026



Upcoming Week

- Notable earnings reports this week include JPMorgan Chase, Johnson & Johnson, Goldman Sachs, Bank of America, and UnitedHealth Group.
- On the economic front, investors will be closely monitoring the Consumer Price Index, the Producer Price Index, and Existing Home Sales.

Glossary and Disclosures

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S&P 1500 Index combines three leading indices, the S&P 500, the S&P Midcap 400, and the S&P Smallcap 600, to cover approximately 90% of U.S. equity market capitalization.

S&P 500 Index includes approximately 500 leading companies that covers approximately 80% of available U.S. equity market capitalization.

S&P 500 Growth Index is a stock index that represents the fastest-growing companies in the S&P 500 based on three factors: sales growth, ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum.

S&P 500 Value Index is a stock index that represents the companies in the S&P 500 with the most attractive valuations based on three factors: book value, earnings, and sales to price.

S&P Midcap 400 Index is distinct from the large-cap S&P 500 and designed to measure the performance of 400 U.S. mid-sized companies, which have differing liquidity and growth potential than large and small cap companies.

S&P Midcap 400 Growth Index is a stock index that represents the fastest-growing companies in the S&P Midcap 400 based on three factors: sales growth, ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum.

S&P Midcap 400 Value Index is a stock index that represents the companies in the S&P Midcap 400 with the most attractive valuations based on three factors: book value, earnings, and sales to price.

S&P Smallcap 600 Index measures the performance of 600 small-sized U.S. companies to reflect the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity market, which is typically known for less liquidity than large cap stocks.

S&P Smallcap 600 Growth Index is a stock index that represents the fastest-growing companies in the S&P Smallcap 600 based on three factors: sales growth, ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum.

S&P Smallcap 600 Value Index is a stock index that represents the companies in the S&P Smallcap 600 with the most attractive valuations based on three factors: book value, earnings, and sales to price.

MSCI ACWI ex-US Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries (excluding the US) and 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.

S&P GSCI is broad-based and production weighted to represent the global commodity market beta. The index is designed to be investable by including the most liquid commodity futures.

S&P GSCI Gold a sub-index of the S&P GSCI, provides investors with a reliable and publicly available benchmark tracking the COMEX gold future.

S&P GSCI Crude Oil Spot Index, a sub-index of the S&P GSCI, serves as a publicly available benchmark for tracking U.S. crude oil price performance through the futures market.

FTSE All Equity NAREIT Index contains all tax-qualified REITs with more than 50 percent of total assets in qualifying real estate assets other than mortgages secured by real property that also meet minimum size and liquidity criteria.

Bitcoin USD Spot Exchange Rate measures the last price of 1 Bitcoin in USD.

Bloomberg Galaxy Bitcoin Index is designed to measure the performance of a single bitcoin traded in USD.

Ethereum USD Spot Exchange Rate measure the last price of 1 Ethereum in USD.

Bloomberg Galaxy Ethereum Index is designed to measure the performance of a single Ethereum traded in USD.

Bloomberg 1-3 Year Govt/Credit Index is the 1-3 Yr. component of the U.S. Government/Credit index, which includes securities in the Government, which includes treasuries and agencies debt securities, and Credit Indices, which includes publicly issued U.S. corporate and foreign debt that meet specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.

Bloomberg Intermediate US Government/Credit Bond Index is a broad-based flagship benchmark that measures the non-securitized component of the US Aggregate Index with less than 10 years to maturity; this includes investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate treasuries, government-related and corporate securities

Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets, with three major components of this index are the U.S. Aggregate, the Pan-European Aggregate, and the Asian-Pacific Aggregate Indices.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index represents securities that are SEC-registered, taxable, and dollar denominated. The index covers the U.S. investment grade fixed rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities, and asset-backed securities.

Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Aggregate Bond Index is the U.S. Treasury component of the U.S. Government index and represents public obligations of the U.S. Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more.

Bloomberg US TIPS Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.

Bloomberg US Corporate Bond Index is the Corporate component of the U.S. Credit index and represents publicly issued U.S. corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that meet the specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.

Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index covers the universe of fixed rate, non-investment grade debt.

Bloomberg Emerging Markets Bond Index is broad-based with country eligibility and classification as an Emerging Market being rules-based and reviewed on an annual basis using World Bank income group and International Monetary Fund (IMF) country classifications.

Bloomberg U.S. Municipal Index is a rules-based, market-value-weighted index engineered for the long-term tax-exempt bond market.

Bloomberg US High Yield Municipal Index is an unmanaged index of noninvestment-grade municipal debt securities, which provides a representation of the performance of US high-yield tax-exempt bonds.

Federal Funds Rate is the interest rate at which depository institutions trade federal funds (balances held at Federal Reserve Banks) with each other overnight.

U.S. Treasury Securities are issued by the federal government and are considered to be among the safest investments you can make, because all Treasury securities are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the U.S. government.

CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is a real-time market index that represents the market's expectation of 30-day forward-looking volatility. Derived from the price inputs of S&P 500 index options, it provides a measure of market risk and investor sentiment.

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